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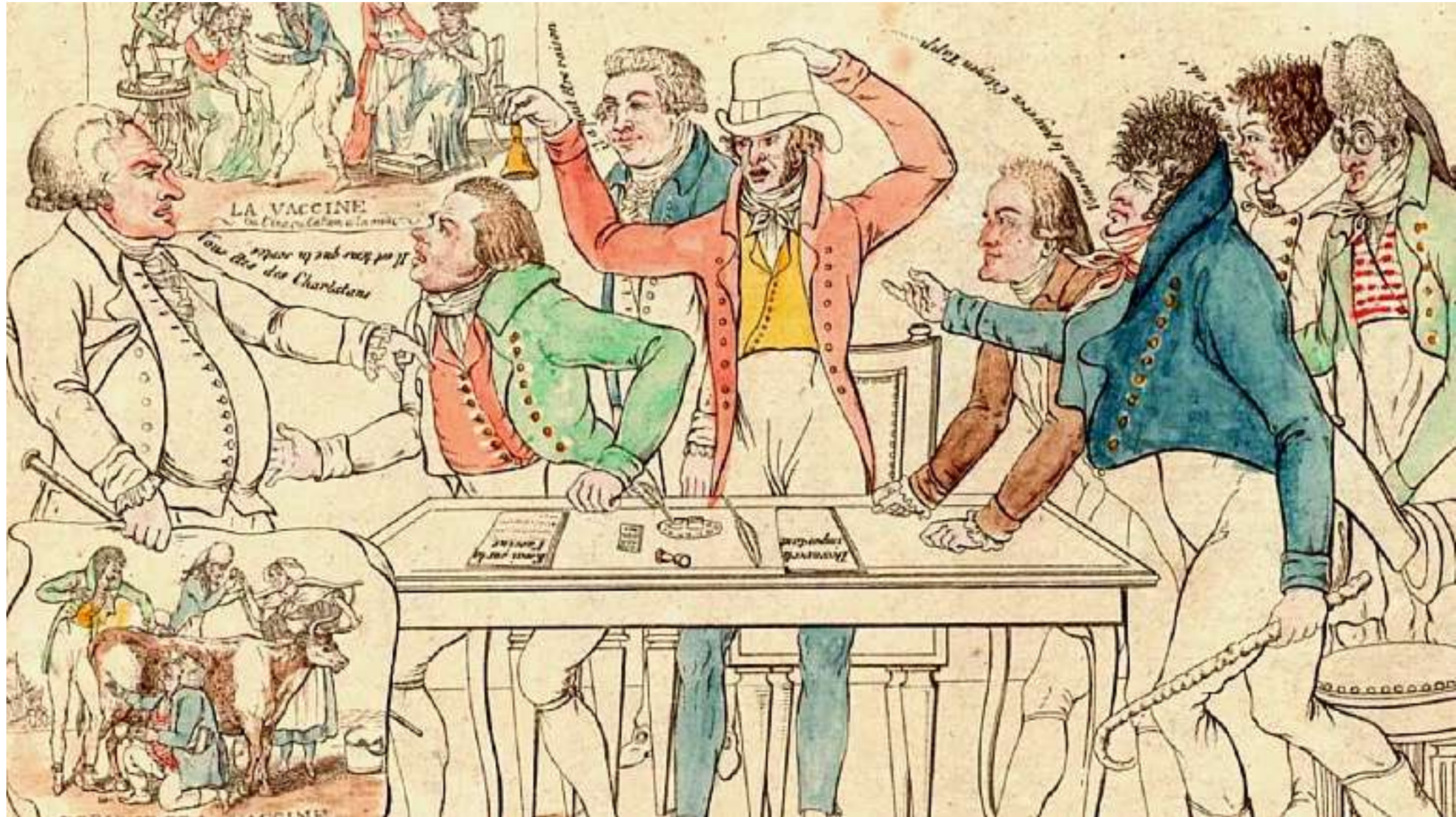
Sağlık Çalışanları Arasında COVID-19 Aşı Kararsızlığı: Sağlık Çalışanlarının Aşı Yaptırmama Nedenleri, Aşılama Oranını Artırıcı Öneriler

Bahar Madran

VKV Amerikan Hastanesi

Giriş

Aşı Kararsızlığı; DSÖ tarafından “aşı hizmetlerine ulaşımın sağlanabilmesine rağmen aşı yaptırmayı erteleme ya da reddetme” olarak açıklanmaktadır (MacDonald & Hesitancy, 2015).





May 21, 2021 01:29 PM

Why are some healthcare workers refusing COVID vaccines?

Anna Gustafson
Michigan Advance

TWEET

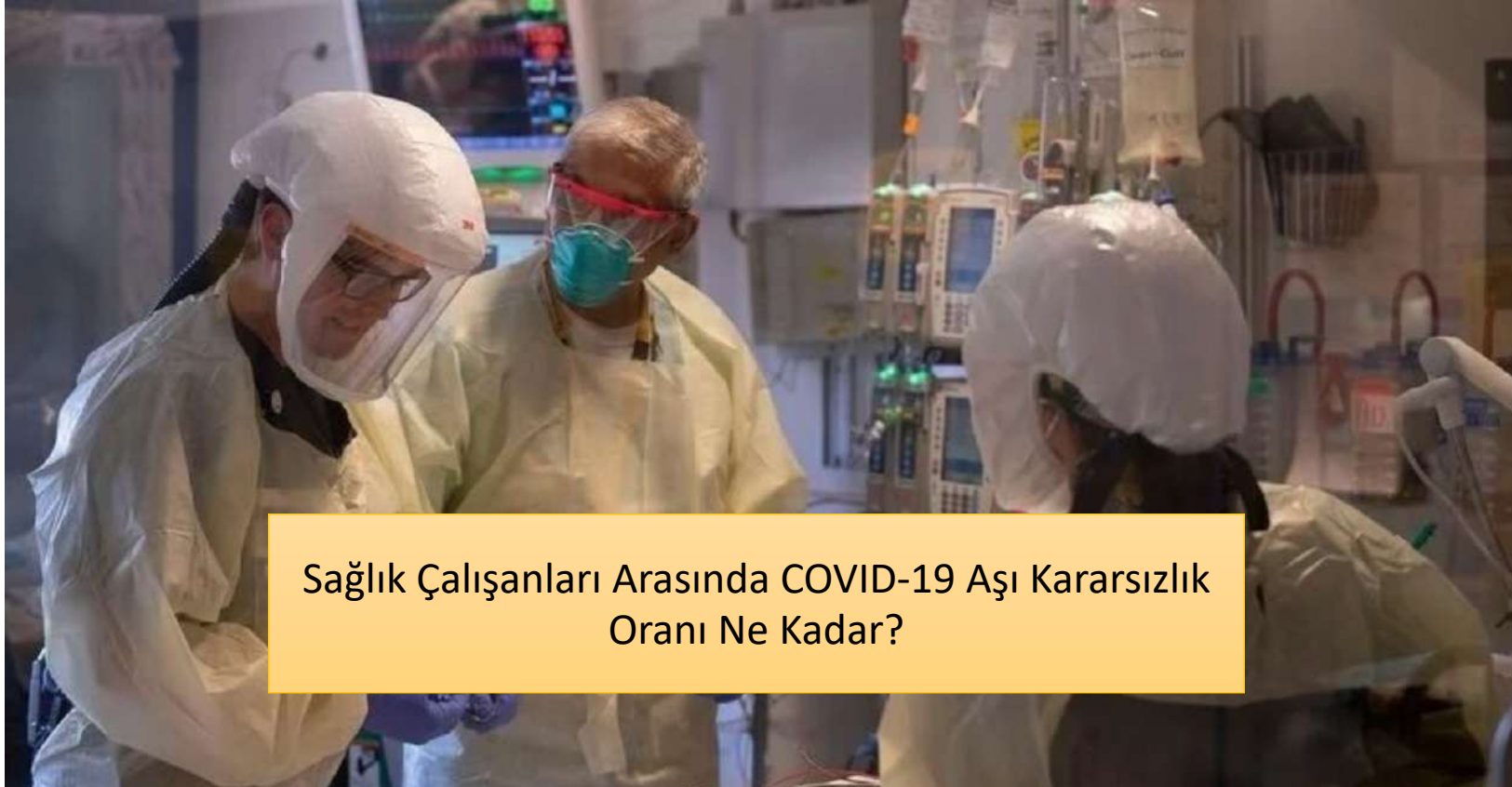
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Sağlık Çalışanları Arasında COVID-19 Aşı Kararsızlık Oranı Ne Kadar?



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Brief Report

COVID-19 vaccination coverage among hospital-based healthcare personnel reported through the Department of Health and Human Services Unified Hospital Data Surveillance System, United States, January 20, 2021–September 15, 2021

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Key Words:
COVID-19 vaccine
SARS-CoV-2
Infection prevention
Healthcare workers

ABSTRACT

To protect both patients and staff, healthcare personnel (HCP) were among the first groups in the United States recommended to receive the COVID-19 vaccine. We analyzed data reported to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Unified Hospital Data Surveillance System on COVID-19 vaccination coverage among hospital-based HCP. After vaccine introduction in December 2020, COVID-19 vaccine coverage rose steadily through April 2021, but the rate of uptake has since slowed; as of September 15, 2021, among 3,357,348 HCP in 2,086 hospitals included in this analysis, 70.0% were fully vaccinated. Additional efforts are needed to improve COVID-19 vaccine coverage among HCP.

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Only 1 in 4 African health workers fully vaccinated against COVID-19

25 November 2021

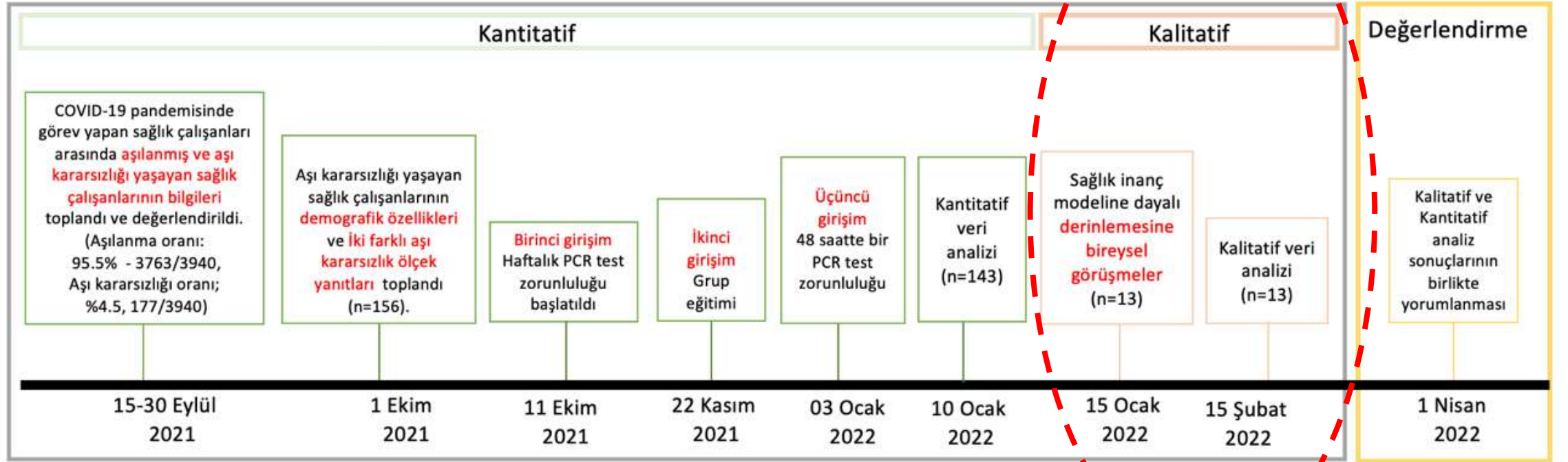
Brazzaville – Only 27% of health workers in Africa have been fully vaccinated against COVID-19, leaving the bulk of the workforce on the frontlines against the pandemic unprotected, a preliminary analysis by World Health Organization (WHO) shows.

Analysis of data reported from 25 countries finds that since March 2021, 1.3 million health workers were fully vaccinated, with just six countries reaching more than 90%, while nine countries have fully vaccinated less than 40%. In sharp contrast, a recent WHO global study of 22 mostly high-income countries reported that above 80% of their health



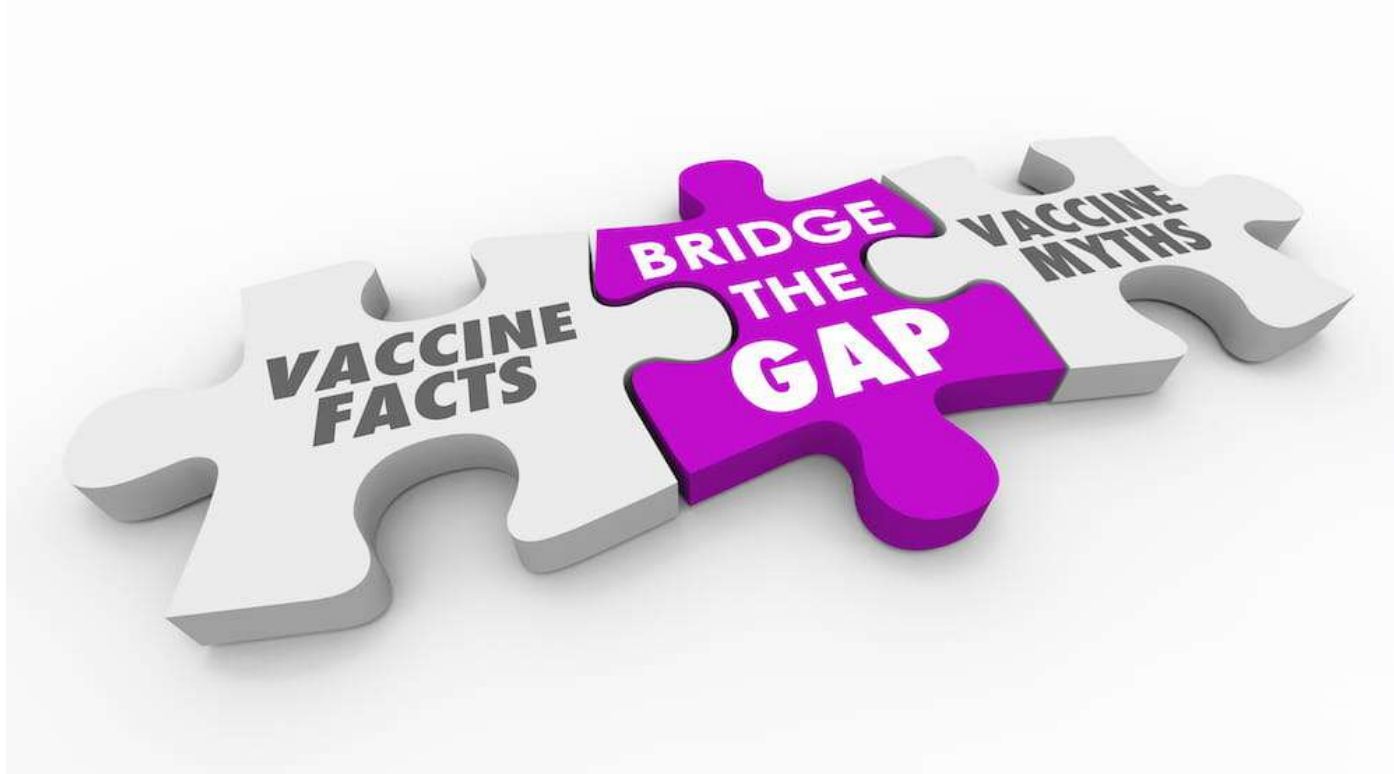
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Karma Yöntem Araştırma Aşamaları

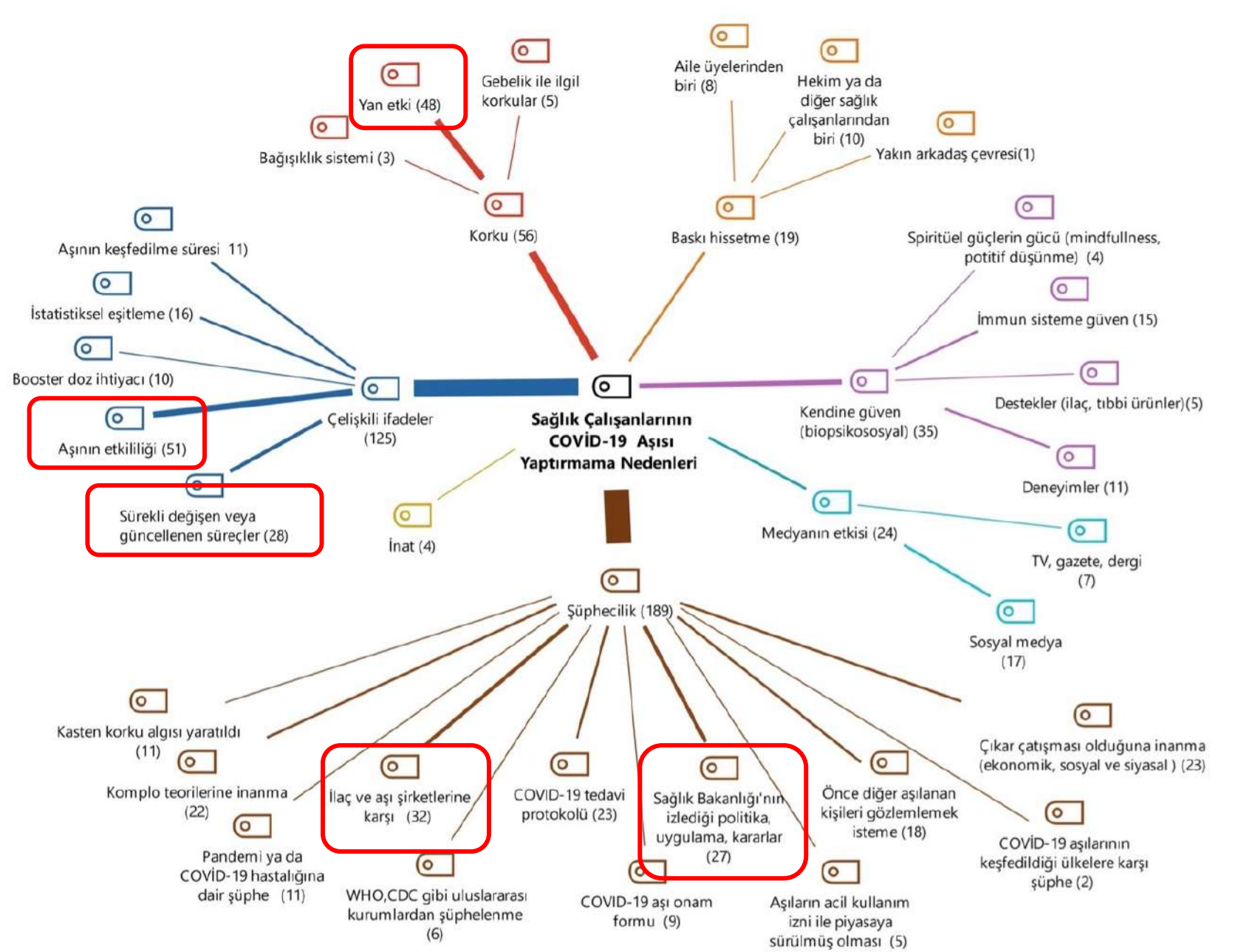


Yöntem

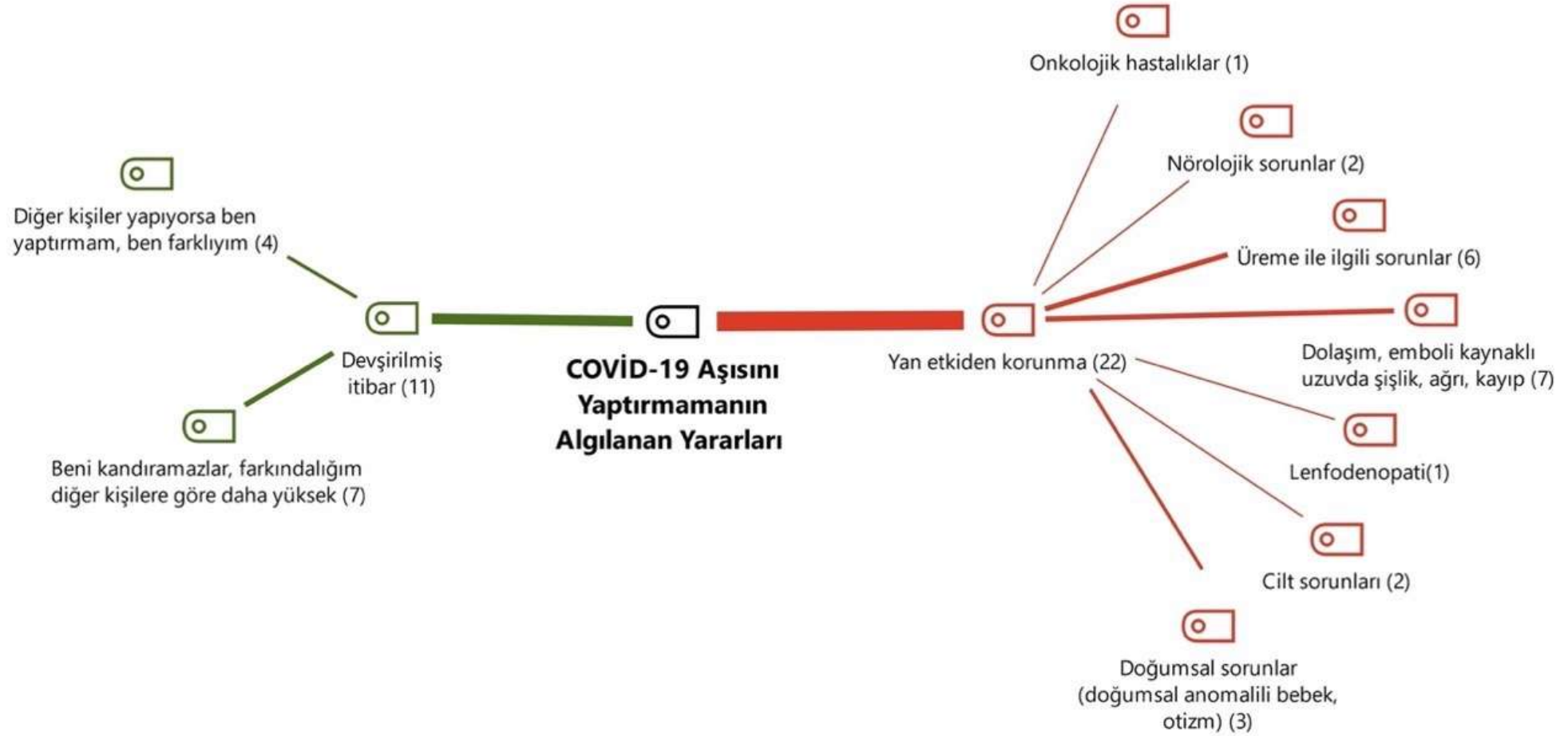
- Sağlık İnanç Modeli destekli yarı yapılandırılmış görüşmeler,
- Derinlemesine bireysel görüşmeler (n=13),
- Görüşmeler sırasında alınan ses kayıtlarının MAXQDA programı ile analizi



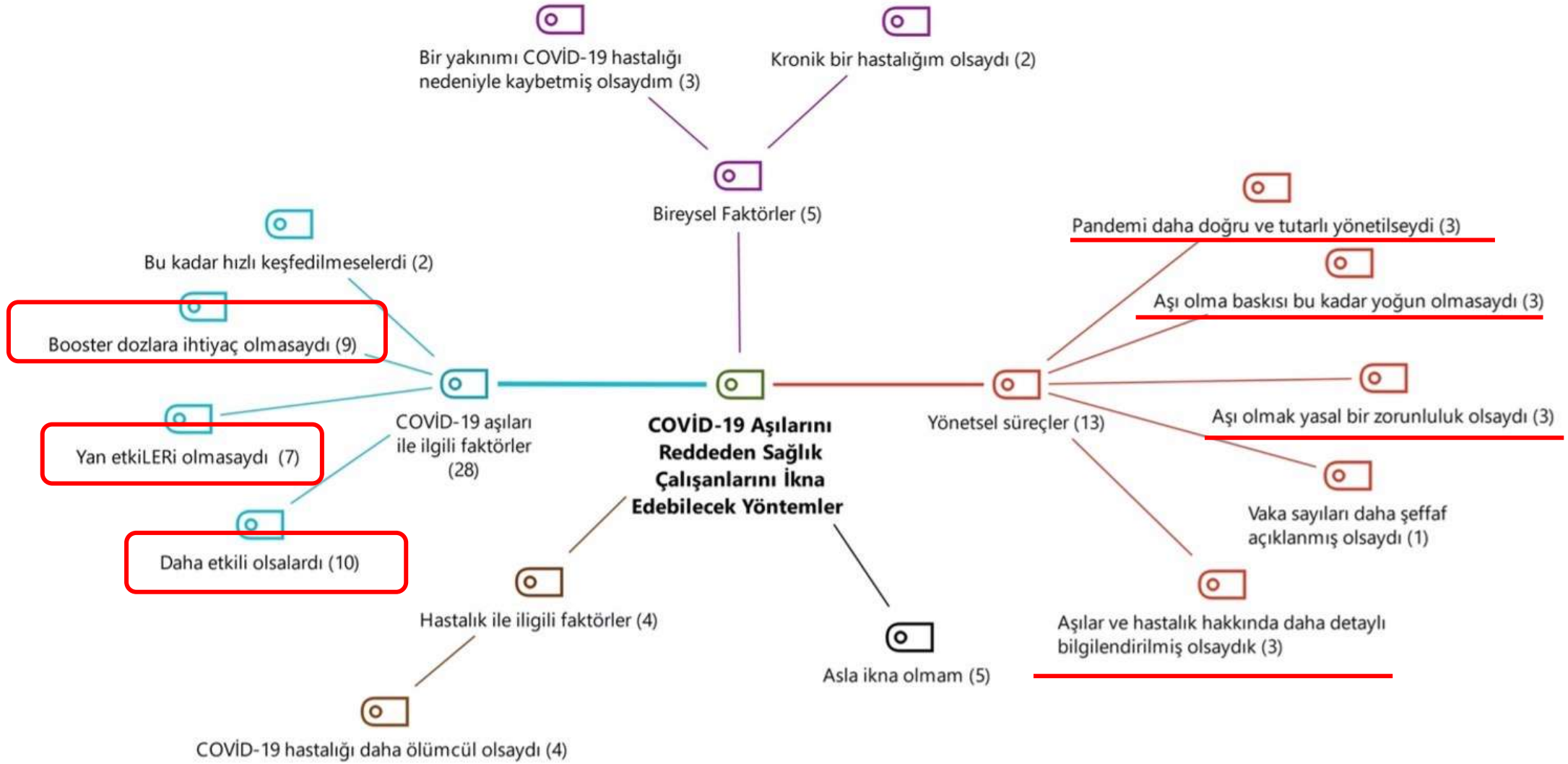
Bulgular:



Şekil 1: Sağlık çalışanlarının COVID-19 aşısı kararsızlık nedenleri



Şekil 3: COVID-19 aşısını yaptırmayan sağlık çalışanlarının algıladıkları yararlar



Şekil 2: Aşı kararsızlığı yaşayan sağlık çalışanları tarafından bildirilen «aşı olmaya ikna edebilecek» düzenlemeler

Sonuç:

- Aşı kararsızlığı çok farklı sebeplere dayandırılmış olabilir, (Şüphencilik, çelişkili ifadeler, korku, öz güven, baskı hissetme, medya etkisi ve inat)
- Sağlık çalışanları ayrıcalıklı bir grup, bağışıklama çalışmaları sırasında ortaya çıkan bu sonuçlar dikkate alınmalı.

Karar:

- COVID-19 aşı kararsızlık nedenlerinin belirlenmesi, altta yatan faktörlerin analiz edilmesi, aşı olmaları için ikna edebilecek eylem ve düzenlemelerin belirlenmiş olması bir sonraki pandemi sürecinde yürütülecek olan aşı kampanya stratejilerinin planlanmasına yön verecek olup, aşılama oranlarının artırılmasında hayati bir öneme sahip olacaktır.

Kaynaklar

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