

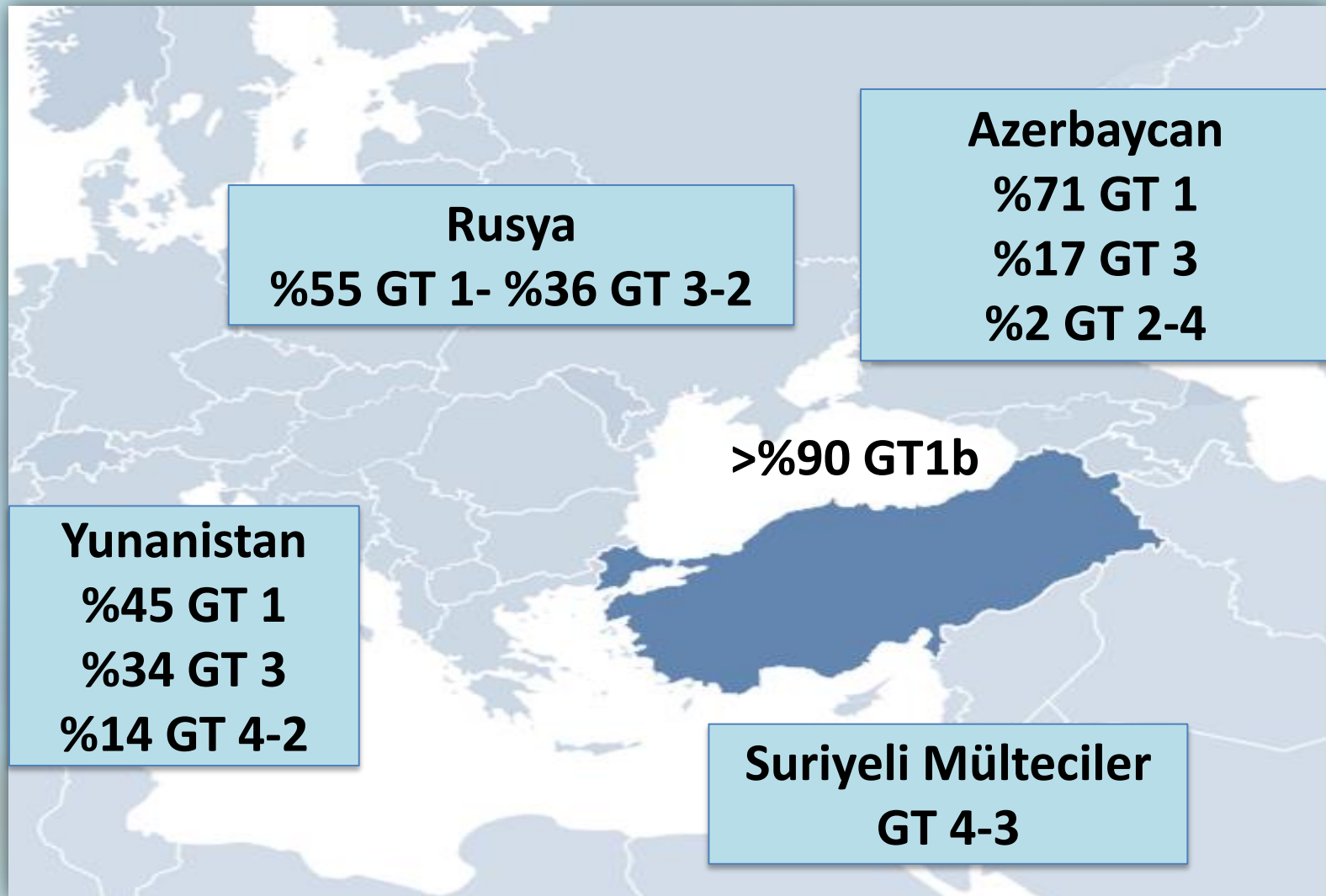
HepAtölye III

Hepatit C Virusu İnfeksiyonunun Tedavisinde Yeni Antiviraller
4-6 Aralık 2015, Radisson Blu Hotel Istanbul Asia, İstanbul

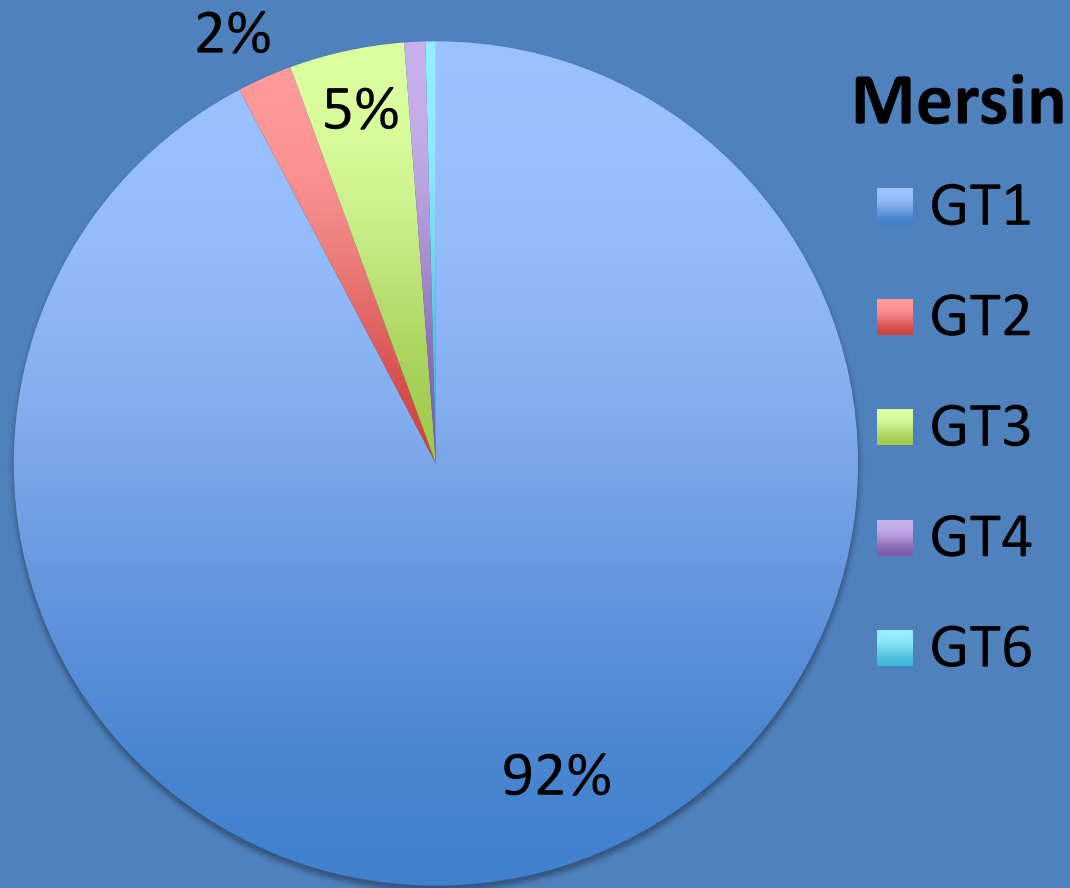
HCV Genotip 2 ve 3 tedavi yaklaşımı

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Mersin Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi
Enfeksiyon Hastalıkları AD

Değişen genotip?



Değişen genotip?



HCV Genotip 2/3

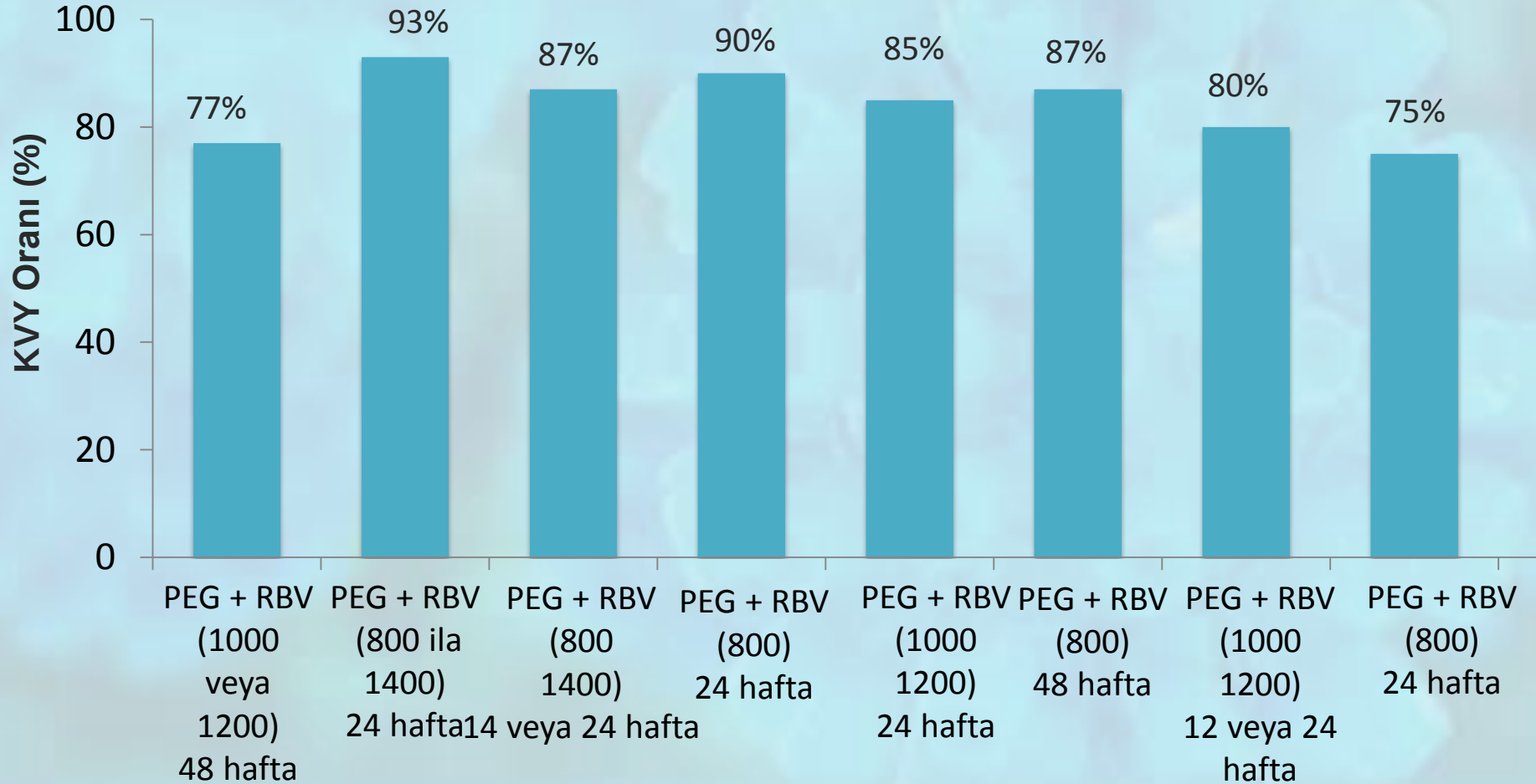
Klasik tedavi etkili miydi?

2002

2004

2005

2007



Başarılı sonuçlar var

Problem nerede?

- **Etkin ama tolere edilemiyor**
 - Ribavirin dozu azaltıldı*
- **Tedavi süresi uzun**
 - Süre kısaltıldı
- **Neden %100 değil**
 - Zor gruplar
 - Tedavi tekrarlanması?

****15mg/kg dozdan kiloya ayarlanmış RBV erken virolojik yanıt ve zor hasta gruplarında tedavi oranlarını arttırmakta**

- **Yüksek viral yük, metabolik sendrom, ileri fibrozis**

Hedef;

- **Hastanın tedavide kalmasını arttırmak**
- **%100 başarı**

*Jacobson IM, et al. Hepatology 2007

**Di Martino V, et al. Hepatology 2011



NEJM



HCV İnfeksiyonu Tedavisinde Sona Doğru

Tedavi deneyimli ve deneyimsiz HCV genotip 1, 2, 4, 5 ve 6 ile infekte 624 hastada yapılan çift kör, plasebo kontrollü faz III çalışmada, 12 hafta boyunca günde tek doz alınan sofosbuvir ve velpatasvirle kalıcı viral yanıt oranının (%99), plaseboya göre çok yüksek olduğu gösterilmiş (Dr. Mehtap Aydın).

Feld JJ, Jacobson IM, Hézode C, et al. Sofosbuvir and velpatasvir for HCV genotype 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 infection. N Engl J Med. 16 Kasım 2015.

Table 2. Response during and after Treatment.*

Response	Sofosbuvir–Velpatasvir (N = 624)
HCV RNA <15 IU/ml	
During treatment period — no. (%)	
At wk 2	355 (57)
At wk 4	564 (90)
At 12 wk after treatment period — no./total no. (%)	
Any genotype	618/624 (99)
1a	206/210 (98)
1b	117/118 (99)
2	104/104 (100)
4	116/116 (100)
5	34/35 (97)
6	41/41 (100)
Virologic failure — no. (%)	
During treatment	0
After treatment	2 (<1)
Other reason for classification as failure — no. (%)	
Loss to follow-up	2 (<1)
Withdrawal of consent	1 (<1)
Death	1 (<1)

Table 3. Discontinuations, Adverse Events, and Hematologic Abnormalities.

Event	Placebo (N = 116)	Sofosbuvir– Velpatasvir (N = 624)
	<i>no. of patients (%)</i>	
Discontinuation of treatment owing to an adverse event	2 (2)	1 (<1)
Serious adverse event*	0	15 (2)
Any adverse event	89 (77)	485 (78)
Common adverse events†		
Headache	33 (28)	182 (29)
Fatigue	23 (20)	126 (20)
Nasopharyngitis	12 (10)	79 (13)
Nausea	13 (11)	75 (12)
Insomnia	11 (9)	50 (8)
Diarrhea	8 (7)	48 (8)
Asthenia	9 (8)	41 (7)
Arthralgia	9 (8)	40 (6)
Cough	4 (3)	39 (6)
Back pain	11 (9)	29 (5)
Myalgia	6 (5)	25 (4)
Hematologic event		
Hemoglobin level <10 g/dl	0	2 (<1)
Lymphocyte count 350 to <500 per mm ³	0	3 (<1)
Neutrophil count 500 to <750 per mm ³	0	4 (1)
Platelet count 25,000 to <50,000 per mm ³	0	1 (<1)

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Sofosbuvir and Velpatasvir for HCV Genotype 2 and 3 Infection

G.R. Foster, N. Afdhal, S.K. Roberts, N. Bräu, E.J. Gane, S. Pianko, E. Lawitz, A. Thompson, M.L. Shiffman, C. Cooper, W.J. Towner, B. Conway, P. Ruane, M. Bourlière, T. Asselah, T. Berg, S. Zeuzem, W. Rosenberg, K. Agarwal, C.A.M. Stedman, H. Mo, H. Dvory-Sobol, L. Han, J. Wang, J. McNally, A. Osinusi, D.M. Brainard, J.G. McHutchison, F. Mazzotta, T.T. Tran, S.C. Gordon, K. Patel, N. Reau, A. Mangia, and M. Sulkowski, for the ASTRAL-2 and ASTRAL-3 Investigators*

ASTRAL-2 ve ASTRAL-3 çalışmaları
17 Kasım 2015

Ön bilgi

- HCV genotip 2 ve 3 rehberlere göre
 “Kolay tedavi edilen genotipler”
- Genotip 3; genotip 2’ye göre
 - Daha hızlı progresyon göstermekte
 - Tedaviye cevabı daha düşük
 - Sirotik hastalarda
 - Cevapsız olan tedavi deneyimlilerde
- GT 2 Sofosbuvir (SOF)–ribavirin (RBV); 12-20 hafta
- GT 3 SOF–RBV; 24 hafta

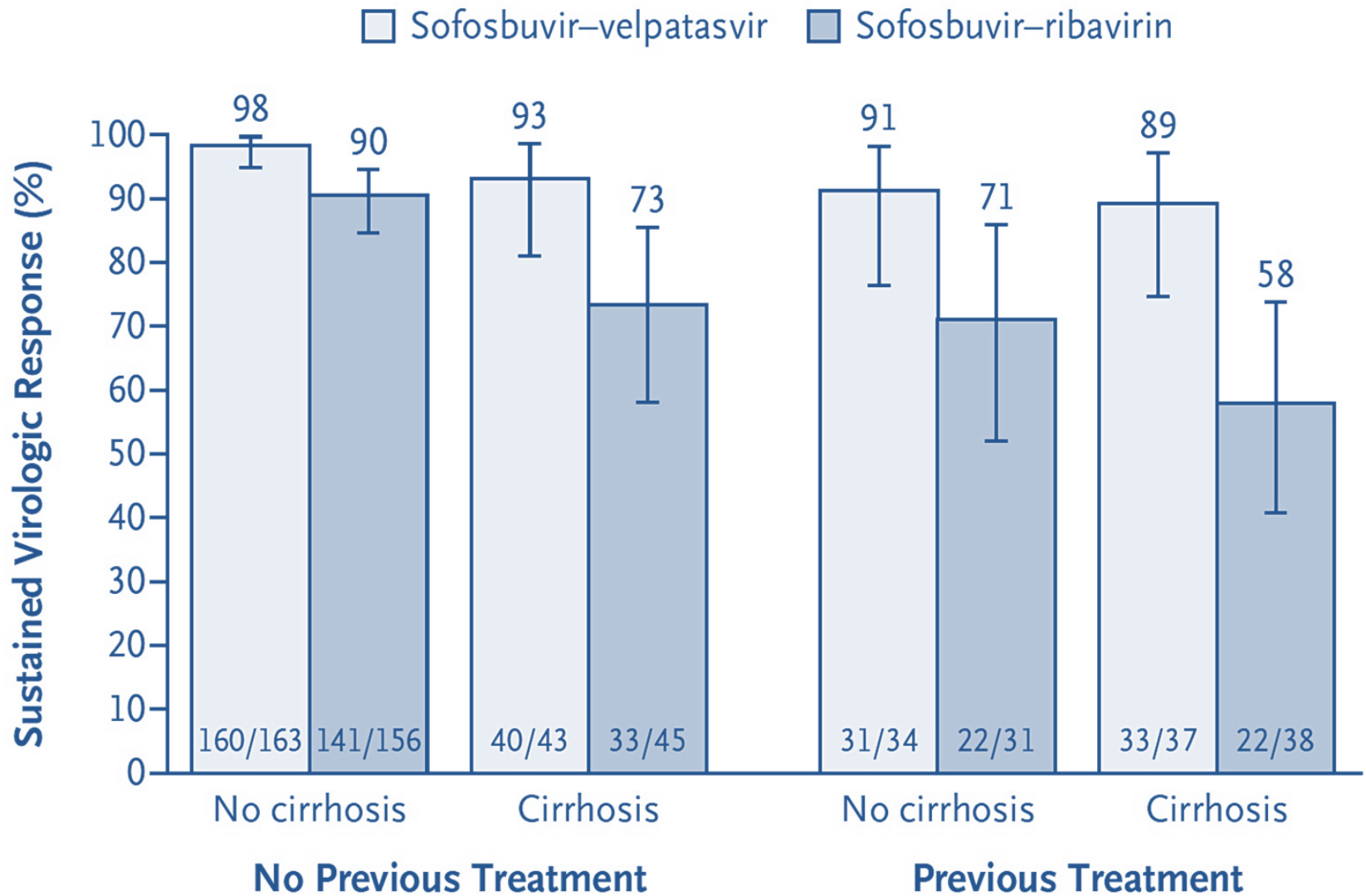
- **Velpatasvir yeni NS5A inhibitörü (GS-5816); tüm GT etkili**
- **Faz 2 çalışmalar; 12 hafta SOF ve Velpatasvir yüksek etkinliğe sahip (GT 2-3)**
- **ASTRAL-2 ve 3: Randomize**
 - **1:1 kontrollü (SOF-RBV)**

Characteristic	HCV Genotype 2		HCV Genotype 3	
	Sofosbuvir–Velpatasvir for 12 Wk (N = 134)	Sofosbuvir–Ribavirin for 12 Wk (N = 132)	Sofosbuvir–Velpatasvir for 12 Wk (N = 277)	Sofosbuvir–Ribavirin for 24 Wk (N = 275)
Mean age (range) — yr	57 (26–81)	57 (23–76)	49 (21–76)	50 (19–74)
Male sex — no. (%)	86 (64)	72 (55)	170 (61)	174 (63)
Mean body-mass index (range) [†]	28 (17–45)	29 (19–61)	26 (17–48)	27 (17–56)
Race — no. (%) [‡]				
White	124 (93)	111 (84)	250 (90)	239 (87)
Black	6 (4)	12 (9)	3 (1)	1 (<1)
Asian	1 (1)	5 (4)	23 (8)	29 (11)
Other	3 (2)	4 (3)	1 (<1)	6 (2)
HCV RNA				
Mean — log ₁₀ IU/ml	6.5±0.78	6.4±0.74	6.2±0.72	6.3±0.71
≥800,000 IU/ml — no. (%)	111 (83)	101 (77)	191 (69)	194 (71)
<i>IL28B</i> genotype — no. (%)				
CC	55 (41)	46 (35)	105 (38)	111 (40)
CT	61 (46)	64 (48)	148 (53)	133 (48)
TT	18 (13)	22 (17)	24 (9)	31 (11)
Compensated cirrhosis — no. (%)	19 (14)	19 (14)	80 (29)	83 (30)
Previous HCV treatment — no. (%)				
No	115 (86)	112 (85)	206 (74)	204 (74)
Yes	19 (14)	20 (15)	71 (26)	71 (26)
Response to previous HCV treatment — no./total no. (%)				
No response	3/19 (16)	3/20 (15)	20/71 (28)	24/71 (34)
Relapse or breakthrough	16/19 (84)	17/20 (85)	51/71 (72)	47/71 (66)

Response	HCV Genotype 2		HCV Genotype 3	
	Sofosbuvir–Velpatasvir for 12 Wk (N=134)	Sofosbuvir–Ribavirin for 12 Wk (N=132)	Sofosbuvir–Velpatasvir for 12 Wk (N=277)	Sofosbuvir–Ribavirin for 24 Wk (N=275)
HCV RNA <15 IU/ml — no. (%)				
During treatment period				
At 2 wk	76 (57)	79 (60)	171 (62)	137 (50)
At 4 wk	120 (90)	119 (90)	253 (91)	240 (87)
After end of treatment				
At 4 wk	133 (99)	127 (96)	268 (97)	225 (82)
At 12 wk*	133 (99)	124 (94)	264 (95)	221 (80)
95% CI at 12 wk	96–100	88–97	92–98	75–85
Virologic failure — no./total no. (%)				
On-treatment failure	0	0	0	1/275 (<1)
Relapse	0	6/132 (5)	11/276 (4)	38/272 (14)

ASTRAL-2; SOF–velpatasvir grubunda %60 NS5A direnci, %10 NS5B direnci olmasına karşın klinik cevap çok yüksek (NS5B L31M varyasyonu %52)

GT 3



EASL Recommendations on Treatment of Hepatitis C 2015

European Association for the Study of the Liver* Sirotik olmayanlar

Patients	PegIFN- α , RBV and sofosbuvir	PegIFN- α , RBV and simeprevir	Sofosbuvir and RBV	Sofosbuvir and ledipasvir	Ritonavir-boosted paritaprevir, ombitasvir and dasabuvir	Ritonavir-boosted paritaprevir, and ombitasvir	Sofosbuvir and simeprevir	Sofosbuvir and daclatasvir
Genotype 1a	12 wk	12 wk, then PegIFN- α and RBV 12 wk (treatment-naïve or relapsers) or 36 wk (partial or null responders)	No	12 wk with RBV		No	12 wk without RBV	12 wk without RBV
Genotype 1b				8-12 wk, without RBV	12 wk without RBV			
Genotype 2	12 wk	No	12 wk	No	No	No	No	12 wk without RBV
Genotype 3	12 wk	No	24 wk	No	No	No	No	12 wk without RBV
Genotype 4	12 wk	12 wk, then PegIFN- α and RBV 12 wk (treatment-naïve or relapsers) or 36 wk (partial or null responders)	No	12 wk without RBV	No	12 wk with RBV	12 wk without RBV	12 wk without RBV
Genotype 5 or 6	12 wk	No	No	12 wk without RBV	No	No	No	12 weeks without RBV

EASL Recommendations on Treatment of Hepatitis C 2015

European Association for the Study of the Liver*

Sirotik olanlarda

Patients	PegIFN- α , RBV and sofosbuvir	PegIFN- α , RBV and simeprevir	Sofosbuvir and RBV	Sofosbuvir and ledipasvir	Ritonavir-boosted paritaprevir, ombit- asvir and dasabuvir	Ritonavir-boosted paritaprevir, and ombitasvir	Sofosbuvir and simeprevir	Sofosbuvir and daclatasvir
Genotype 1a	12 wk	12 wk (treat- ment-naïve or relapsers) or 24 wk (partial or null re- sponders)	No	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV, or 24 wk with RBV if negative predictors of response	24 wk with RBV	No	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV
Genotype 1b					12 wk with RBV			
Genotype 2	12 wk	No	16-20 wk	No	No	No	No	12 wk without RBV
Genotype 3	12 wk	No	No	No	No	No	No	24 wk with RBV
Genotype 4	12 wk	12 wk (treat- ment-naïve or relapsers) or 24 wk (partial or null re- sponders)	No	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV, or 24 wk with RBV if negative predictors of response	No	24 wk with RBV	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV
Genotype 5 or 6	12 wk	No	No	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV, or 24 wk with RBV if negative predictors of response	No	No	No	12 wk with RBV, or 24 wk without RBV

INITIAL TREATMENT OF HCV INFECTION

RETREATMENT OF PERSONS IN WHOM PRIOR THERAPY HAS FAILED

II. Genotype 2

III. Genotype 3

INITIAL TREATMENT OF HCV INFECTION

RETREATMENT OF PERSONS IN WHOM PRIOR THERAPY HAS FAILED

II. Genotype 2

III. Genotype 3

Genotip 2

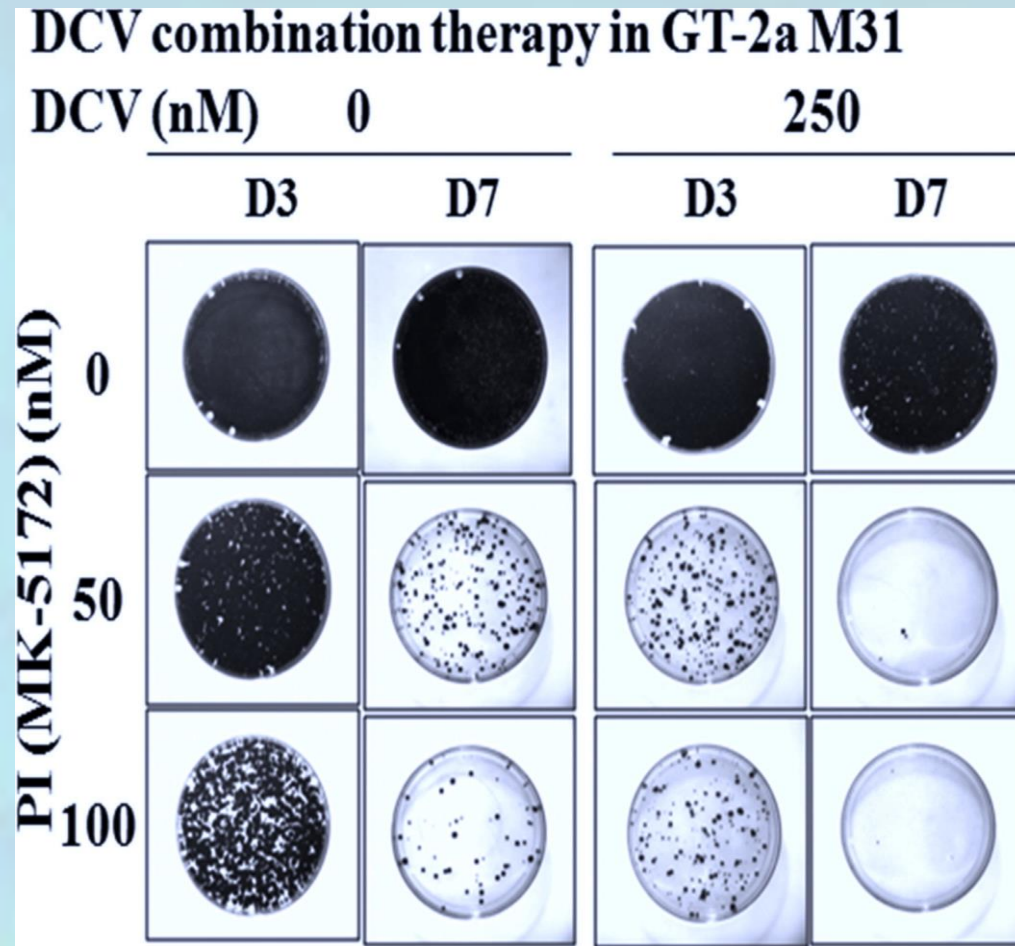
Önerilen rejimler	Süre	Kanıt
1*Günlük; daclatasvir** (60 mg) ve sofosbuvir (400 mg)	12 hafta	Klas IIA, Düzey B
*RBV tolere edemeyecek HCV genotip 2 enfeksiyonlu tedavi görmemiş hastalar için tavsiye edilmekte		
2a. Günlük; sofosbuvir (400 mg) ve ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV	12 hafta	Klas I, Düzey A
2b. Siroz	16 hafta	Klas IIB, Düzey C
**Sitokrom P450 3A / 4 indükleyicilerle ve inhibitörleri ile eş zamanlı olarak kullanıldığında Daclatasvir dozunu artırmak veya azaltmak gerekebilir		

Genotip 2

Önerilen rejimler	Süre	Kanıt
1*Günlük; daclatasvir** (60 mg) ve sofosbuvir (400 mg)	12 hafta	Klas IIA, Düzey B
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**Sitokrom P450 3A / 4 indükleyicilerle ve inhibitörleri ile eş zamanlı olarak kullanıldığında Daclatasvir dozunu artırmak veya azaltmak gerekebilir		

Daclatasvir

- GT 2 için; FDA onayı yok
- M31 polimorfizmi; kombinasyon tedavisi HCV genotipine 2a'ya etkin aktiviteye sahip



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Daclatasvir plus Sofosbuvir for Previously Treated or Untreated Chronic HCV Infection

Mark S. Sulkowski, M.D., David F. Gardiner, M.D., Maribel Rodriguez-Torres, M.D., K. Rajender Reddy, M.D., Tarek Hassanein, M.D., Ira Jacobson, M.D., Eric Lawitz, M.D., Anna S. Lok, M.D., Federico Hineiro, M.D., Paul J. Thuluvath, M.D., Howard Schwartz, M.D., David R. Nelson, M.D., Gregory T. Everson, M.D., Timothy Eley, Ph.D., Megan Wind-Rotolo, Ph.D., Shu-Pang Huang, Ph.D., Min Gao, Ph.D., Dennis Hernandez, Ph.D., Fiona McPhee, Ph.D., Diane Sherman, M.S., Robert Hindes, M.D., William Symonds, Pharm.D., Claudio Pasquinelli, M.D., Ph.D., and Dennis M. Grasela, Pharm.D., Ph.D., for the A1444040 Study Group

Characteristic	Genotype 2 or 3, Previously Untreated		
	Group B: SOF for 7 days, then SOF and DCV for 23 wk (N = 16)	Group D: DCV and SOF for 24 wk (N = 14)	Group F: DCV and SOF plus RBV for 24 wk (N = 14)
Median age — yr	51	50	52
Male sex — no. (%)	11 (69)	6 (43)	5 (36)
Race — no. (%) [†]			
White	16 (100)	10 (71)	12 (86)
Black	0	2 (14)	0
Other	0	2 (14)	2 (14)
HCV RNA — log ₁₀ IU/ml [‡]	6.5±0.7	6.8±0.5	6.6±0.6
HCV genotype — no. (%) [§]			
1a	0	0	0
1b	0	0	0
2	9 (56)	8 (57)	9 (64)
3	7 (44)	6 (43)	5 (36)
IL28B genotype CC — no. (%)	8 (50)	5 (36)	7 (50)
Metavir score for fibrosis — no. (%) [¶]			
F0 or F1: none or minimal	6 (38)	6 (43)	6 (43)
F2 or F3: moderate	7 (44)	7 (50)	6 (43)
F4: clinically significant	3 (19)	1 (7)	2 (14)

Virologic Response	Genotype 2 or 3, Previously Untreated			
	Group B: SOF for 7 days, then SOF and DCV for 23 wk (N=16)	Group D: DCV and SOF for 24 wk (N=14)	Group F: DCV and SOF plus RBV for 24 wk (N=14)	Total: Groups B, D and F (N=44)
	number of study participants (percent)			
During treatment				
Week 2				
HCV RNA <25 IU/ml	13 (81)	12 (86)	12 (86)	37 (84)
HCV RNA undetectable	5 (31)	4 (29)	4 (29)	13 (30)
Week 4				
HCV RNA <25 IU/ml	16 (100)	14 (100)	14 (100)	44 (100)
HCV RNA undetectable	14 (88)	11 (79)	9 (64)	34 (77)
End of treatment‡				
HCV RNA <25 IU/ml	15 (94)§ ←	14 (100)	14 (100)	43 (98)
HCV RNA undetectable	15 (94)§	13 (93)	14 (100)	42 (95)
After treatment				
Week 4				
HCV RNA <25 IU/ml	14 (88)¶ ←	14 (100)	12 (86)∥**	40 (91)
HCV RNA undetectable	14 (88)¶	14 (100)	11 (79)∥**	39 (89)
Week 12				
HCV RNA <25 IU/ml	14 (88)	14 (100)	12 (86)**	40 (91)
HCV RNA undetectable	14 (88)	13 (93)	12 (86)**	39 (89)
Week 24				
HCV RNA <25 IU/ml	14 (88)	14 (100)	13 (93)	41 (93)
HCV RNA undetectable	14 (88)	14 (100)	13 (93)	41 (93)

Treatment Group	Patient <i>IL28B</i> Genotype	HCV Genotype	Reason	Virologic Outcome	Comments
SOF × 7 days, then DCV+SOF × 23 weeks (B)	C/C	3	Slow virologic suppression defined as virologic breakthrough	SVR ₂₄	HCV RNA became undetectable at week 3. At week 8 and again at week 10, HCV RNA was detectable and <25 IU/mL, meeting a protocol definition of virologic breakthrough. HCV RNA became undetectable prior to the addition of peginterferon/ribavirin at week 12. The patient achieved SVR ₂₄ following 24 weeks of rescue therapy.
SOF × 7 days, then DCV+SOF × 23 weeks (B)	T/T	3	Virologic relapse	Virologic relapse	HCV RNA became undetectable at week 2 and remained undetectable until week 24 (end of treatment). At post-treatment week 4, HCV RNA was 158603 IU/mL (5.2 log ₁₀ IU/mL). An NS5A-A30K polymorphism was detected at baseline and also at relapse.
DCV+ SOF+RBV × 24 weeks (F)	C/C	2	Lost to follow-up	Unknown	The patient was lost to follow-up after treatment week 18. HCV RNA was undetectable at the last measurement, obtained at treatment week 14.
DCV+ SOF+RBV × 24 weeks (F)	c/c	2	Missing	SVR ₂₄	The patient completed 24 weeks of treatment and did not return for the post-treatment week 4 and post-treatment week 12 visits, but returned at post-treatment week 24 with HCV RNA undetectable.

Number of Patients	HCV Genotype	Polymorphism(s) at NS5A Amino Acid Positions	Virologic Outcome
13	2	L31M	SVR ₄₈ (all)
1	2	L31M-P58S	SVR ₂₄
1	3	A30K	Relapse
1	3	A30K, L31M	SVR ₄₈
3	3	Y93H	SVR ₄₈ (all)

Adverse Event	Previously Untreated				Previously Treated		
	Treatment for 24 Wk			Treatment for 12 Wk		Treatment for 24 Wk	
	Groups A and B: Lead-in SOF and DCV (N = 31)	Groups C and D: DCV and SOF (N = 28)	Groups E and F: DCV and SOF and RBV (N = 29)	Group G: DCV and SOF (N = 41)	Group H: DCV and SOF and RBV (N = 41)	Group I: DCV and SOF (N = 21)	Group J: DCV and SOF and RBV (N = 20)
	number of study participants (percent)						
Any adverse event	25 (81)	26 (93)	26 (90)	38 (93)	38 (93)	16 (76)	20 (100)
Adverse event occurring in $\geq 25\%$ of patients in any group*							
Fatigue	9 (29)	14 (50)	9 (31)	16 (39)	15 (37)	6 (29)	9 (45)
Headache	5 (16)	8 (29)	11 (38)	14 (34)	9 (22)	7 (33)	7 (35)
Nausea	5 (16)	9 (32)	9 (31)	8 (20)	8 (20)	0	2 (10)
Grade 3 or 4 adverse event	0	2 (7)†	2 (7)	1 (2)	1 (2)	0	1 (5)
Discontinuation of treatment due to adverse event‡	0	1 (4)	1 (3)	0	0	0	0
Serious adverse event§	2 (6)	4 (14)	2 (7)	1 (2)	0	0	1 (5)
Grade 3 or 4 laboratory abnormality occurring in ≥ 3 patients across all groups							
Phosphorus <2.0 mg/dl	0	1 (4)	1 (3)	0	3 (7)	0	0
Glucose							
Fasting value >250 mg/dl	0	1 (4)	1 (3)	1 (2)	0	1 (5)	0
Random value >250 mg/dl	0	0	1 (5)¶	0	0	1 (5)	1 (5)

Genotip 2 için alternatif rejim

- **AASLD/IDSA HCV 2015 rehberinde alternatif tedavi önerilmemekte**

Kullanılması önerilmeyen rejimler:

1. PEG-IFN ve RBV 24 hafta	Klas IIb, Düzey A
2. Monoterapi olarak PEG-IFN, RBV ya da doğrudan etkili anti-viraller	Klas III, Düzey A
3. Telaprevir-, boceprevir- veya ledipasvir içeren rejimler	Klas III, Düzey A

Tedavi deneyimli hastalarda

- **Öncesinde PEG-IFN ve RBV tedavisi başarısız hastalarda**
 - SOF 400 mg ve ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV
16 - 24 hafta
Klas I, Düzey A
- **IFN kullanabilen fakat öncesinde PEG-IFN ve RBV tedavisi başarısız olan hastalarda**
 - SOF 400 mg, ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV ve haftalık PEG-IFN
12 hafta
Klas IIa, Düzey B

SOF ve RBV başarısız

- **DCV 60 mg, SOF 400 mg ve/veya ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV**

24 hafta

Klas IIa, Düzey C

- **IFN kullanabilen hastalarda; SOF 400 mg, ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV ve haftalık PEG-IFN**

12 hafta

Klas IIa C Seviyesi

PEG-IFN ve RBV başarısız hastalarda önerilmeyen tedaviler

- **PEG-IFN ve RBV ve/veya Telaprevir veya
Boseprevir**

Klas IIb, Düzey A

- **Ledipasvir / sofosbuvir**

Klas III, Düzey A

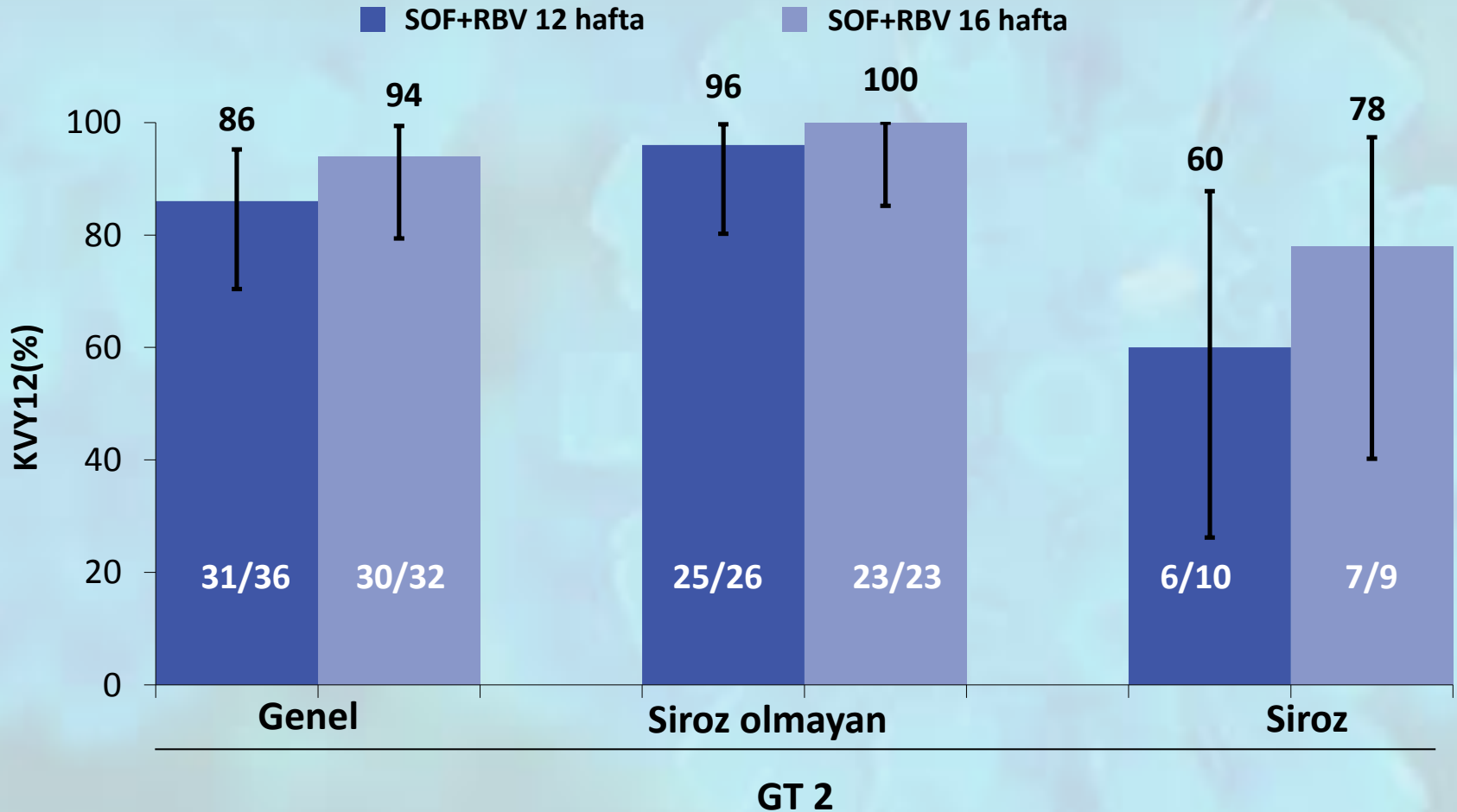
- **PEG-IFN, RBV veya doğrudan etkili anti-viral
monoterapi**

Klas III, Düzey A

FUSION; Genotip 2 için KVV12

Tedavi Almış: SOF + RBV

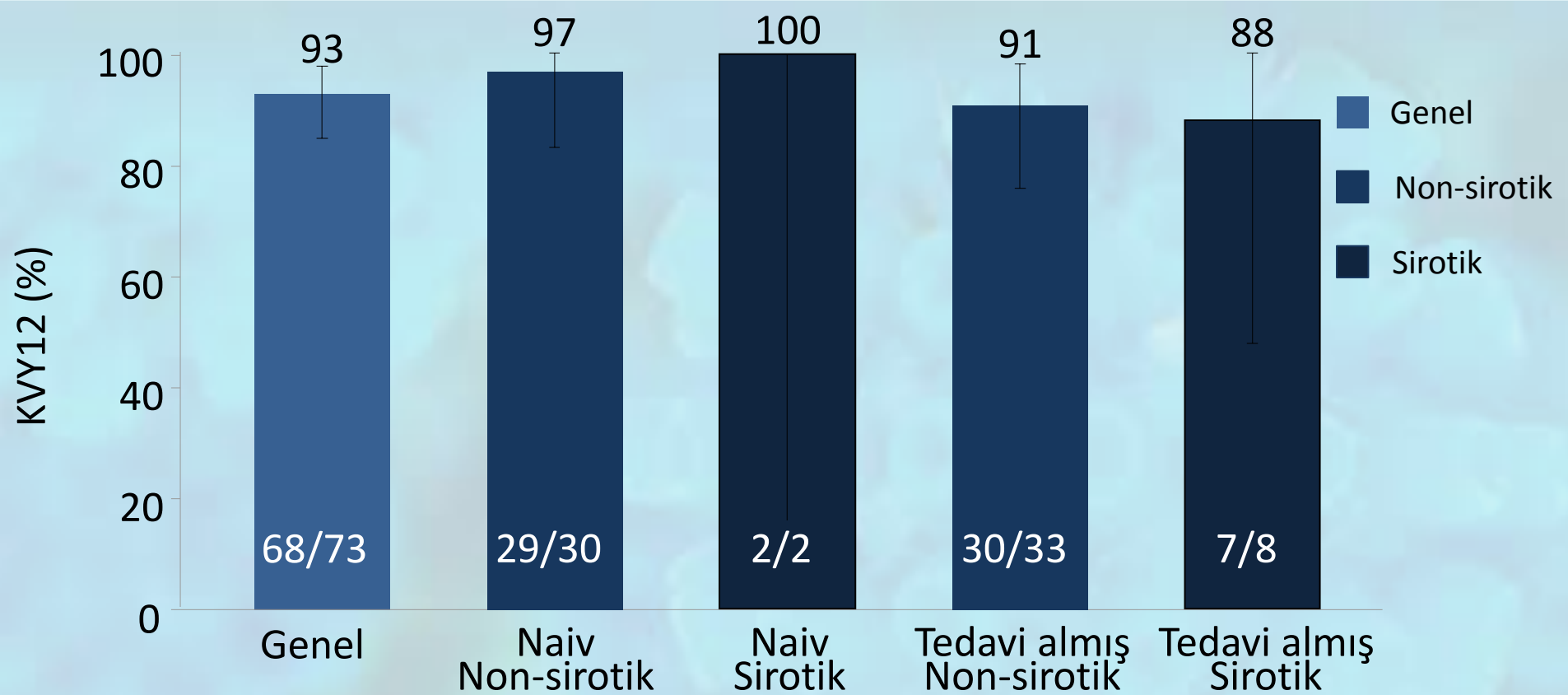
(12 vs. 16 Hafta)



VALENCE: Genotip 2 için KVV12

Tedavi Naiv ve Almış: SOF + RBV

12 Hafta



- Hastaların %100'ü 4. haftada HCV RNA < LLOQ düzeyine sahipti
- Tedavinin bitimi sonrası nüks; tüm virolojik başarısızlıklar

HCV Genotip 2 Hastalarında Mevcut Tedavilerin KVY Oranları

2002

2004

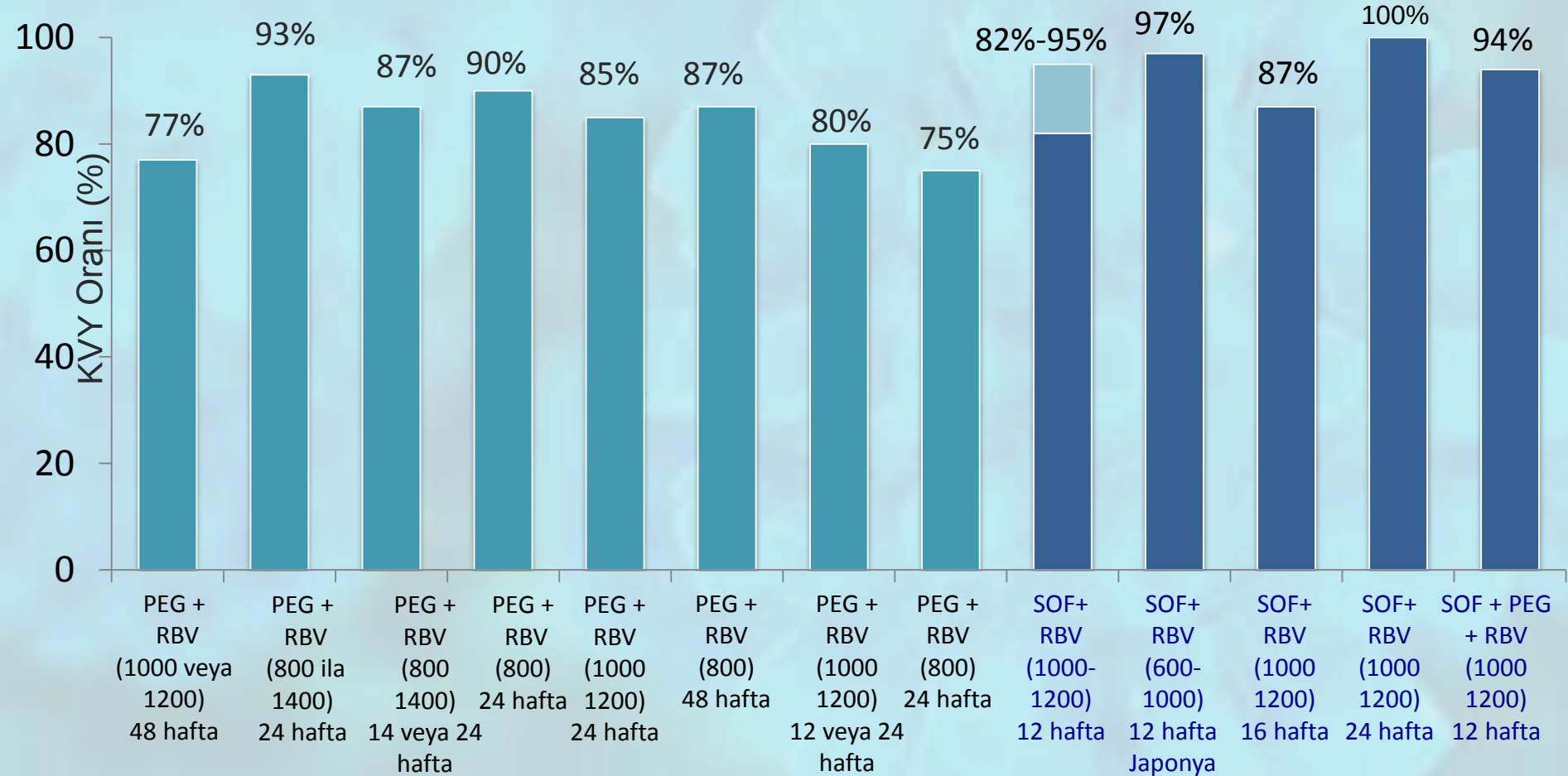
2005

2007

2013

2015

Yıllar ölçeklendirilmemiştir



- Zeuzem S, et al. *J Hepatol* 2004;40:993-9;
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INITIAL TREATMENT OF HCV INFECTION

RETREATMENT OF PERSONS IN WHOM PRIOR THERAPY HAS FAILED

II. Genotype 2

III. Genotype 3

Genotip 3

Önerilen rejimler	Süre	Kanıt
1a. Daclatasvir (60 mg) sofosbuvir (400 mg)±ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV	12 hafta	Klas I, Düzey A
1b. Siroz	16 hafta	Klas IIa, Düzey C
2. Sofosbuvir (400 mg), ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV ve PEG-IFN (IFN kullanabilecek hastalar)	12 hafta	Klas I, Düzey A
Alternatif rejim		
24 hafta süreyle günlük sofosbuvir (400 mg) ve ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV (IFN kullanılamayan)	24 hafta	Klas I, Düzey A

Kullanılması önerilmeyen rejimler:

1. PEG-IFN ve RBV; 24-48 hafta	Klas IIb, Düzey A
2. Monoterapi olarak PEG-IFN, RBV ya da doğrudan etkili anti-viraller	Klas III, Düzey A
3. Telaprevir-, boceprevir- veya simeprevir içeren rejimler	Klas III, Düzey A

Tedavi deneyimli hastalarda

- **Öncesinde PEG-IFN ve RBV tedavisi başarısız hastalar**

**1. Daclatasvir (60 mg) ve Sofosbuvir (400 mg)
12 hafta**

Klas I, Düzey A

2. Sofosbuvir (400 mg), ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV ve haftalık PEG-IFN (IFN uygulanabilen hastalar)

12 hafta

Klas I, Düzey A

Tedavi deneyimli hastalarda

- **PEG-IFN ve RBV ile önceden tedavi başarısız siroz hastaları**

1. Daclatasvir (60 mg), sofosbuvir (400 mg) ve ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV

24 hafta

Klas IIa, Düzey C

2. Günlük sofosbuvir (400 mg), ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV ve haftalık PEG-IFN IFN

12 hafta

Klas I, Düzey A

Tedavi deneyimli hastalarda

- **Sofosbuvir ve RBV tedavisi başarısız hastalar**

**1. Daclatasvir (60 mg), sofosbuvir (400 mg)
ve ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV**

24 hafta

Klas IIa, Düzey C

**2. Sofosbuvir (400 mg), ağırlığa göre
hesaplanmış RBV ve haftalık PEG-IFN**

12 hafta

Klas IIa, Düzey C

Önerilmeyen tedaviler

1. PEG-IFN ve RBV; 24 - 48 hafta

Klas IIb, Düzey A

2. PEG-IFN, RBV veya doğrudan etkili anti-viral monoterapi

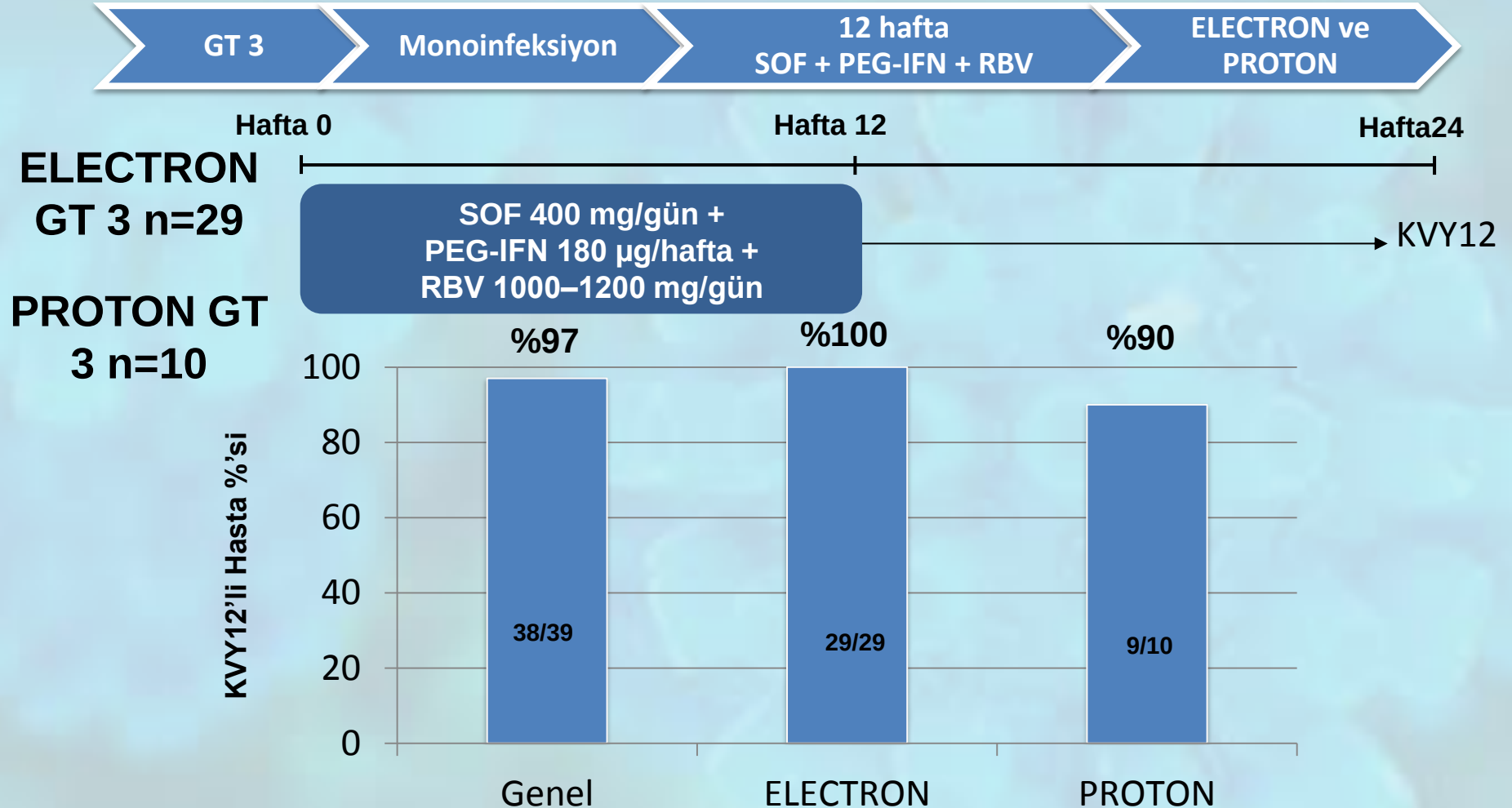
Klas III, Düzey A

3. Telaprevir, boceprevir veya simeprevir bazlı rejimler

Klas III, Düzey A

ELECTRON ve PROTON

GT 3 Tedavi Naiv: 12 Hafta SOF + PEG-IFN + RBV



LONESTAR-2

GT 3 Tedavi Almış: SOF + PEG-IFN + RBV x 12 Hafta



Hafta 0

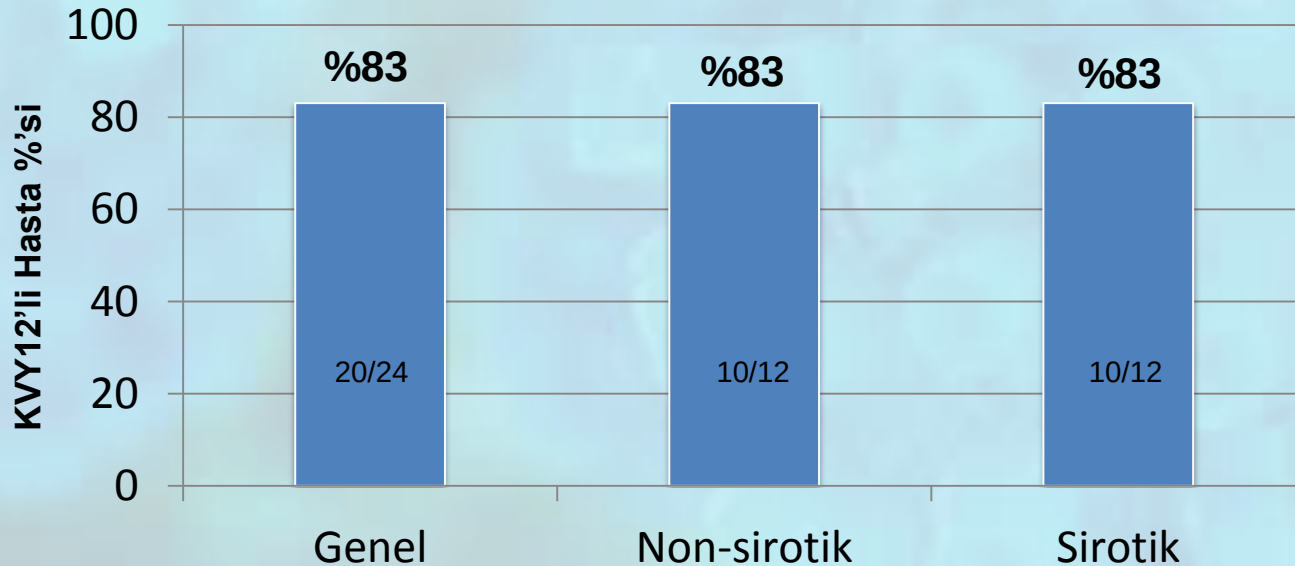
Hafta 12

Hafta 24

GT 3
n=24

SOF 400 mg/gün +
PEG-IFN 180 µg/hafta +
RBV 1000–1200 mg/gün

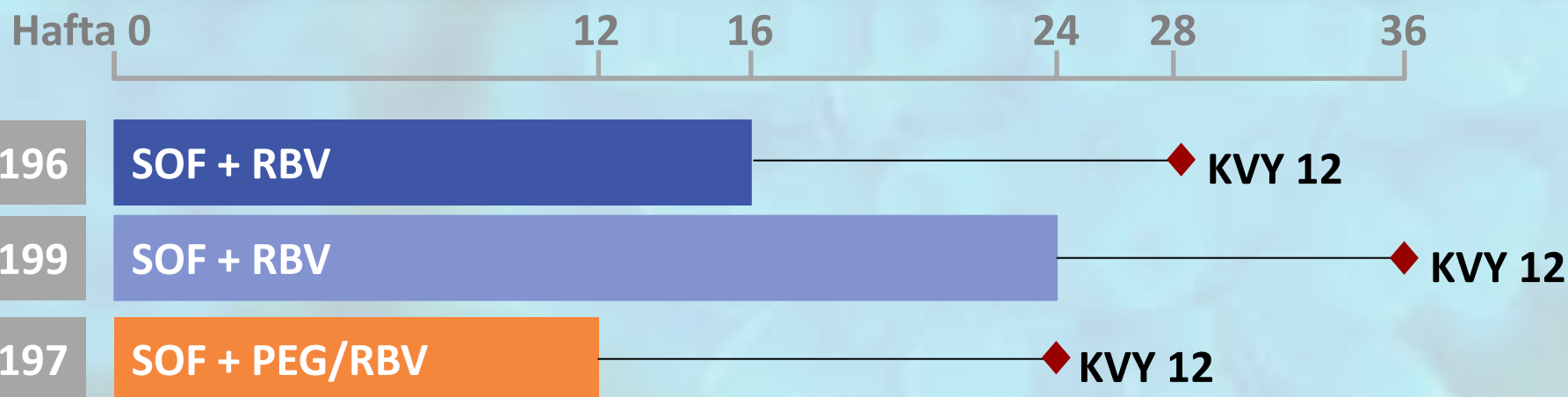
KVY12

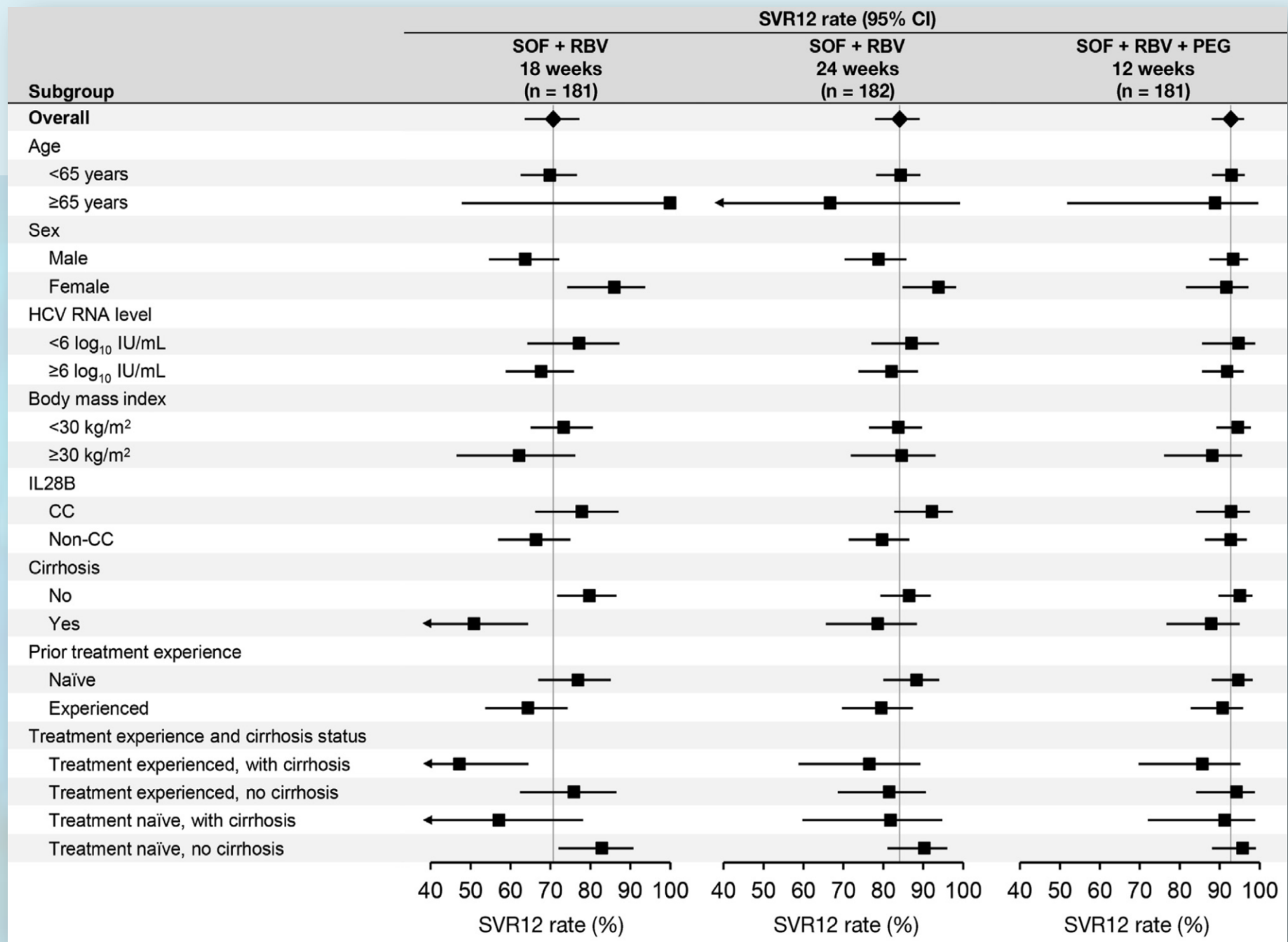




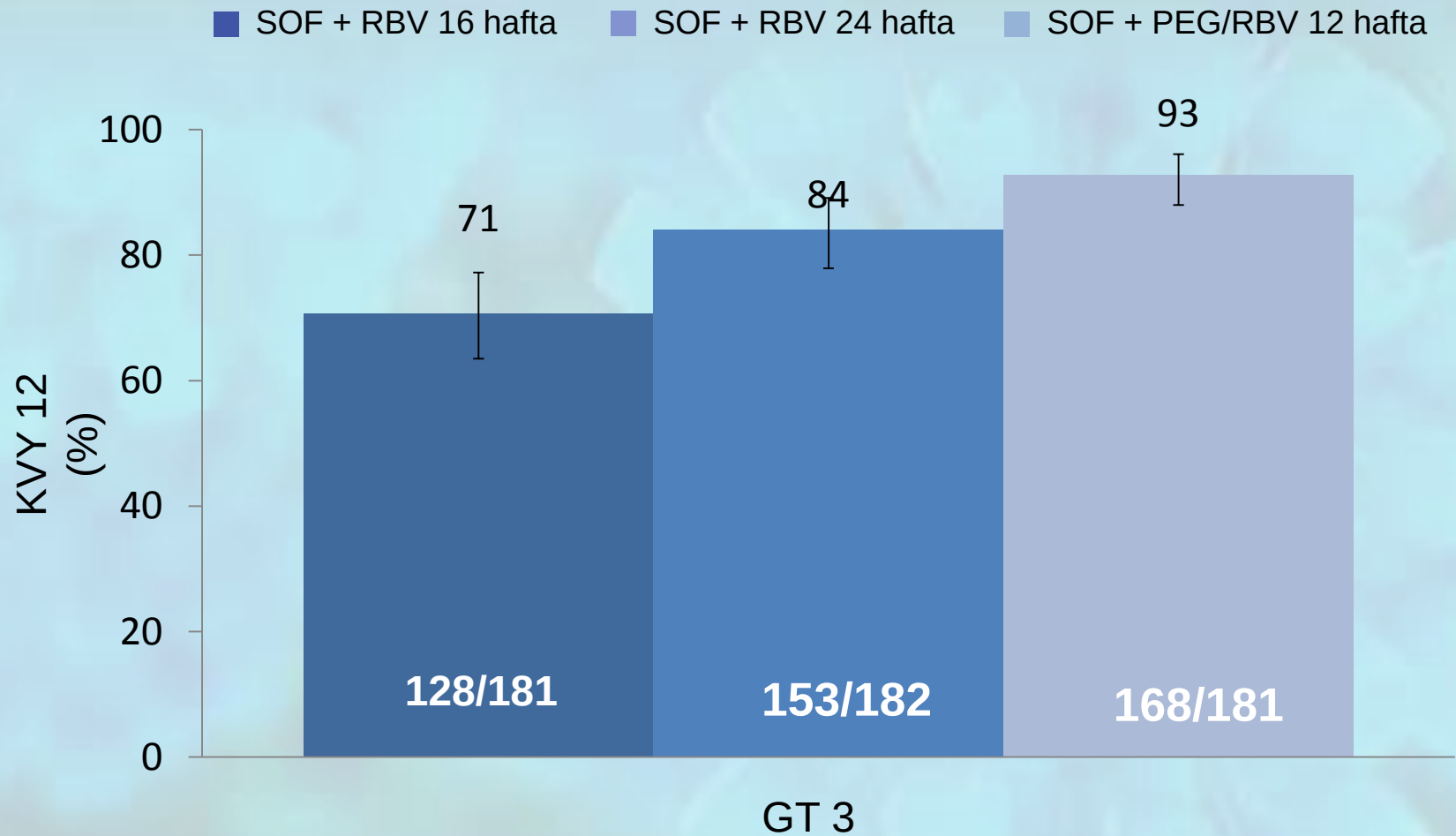
Efficacy of Sofosbuvir Plus Ribavirin With or Without Peginterferon-Alpha in Patients With Hepatitis C Virus Genotype 3 Infection and Treatment-Experienced Patients With Cirrhosis and Hepatitis C Virus Genotype 2 Infection

Graham R. Foster,¹ Stephen Pianko,² Ashley Brown,³ Daniel Forton,⁴ Ronald G. Nahass,⁵ Jacob George,⁶ Eleanor Barnes,⁷ Diana M. Brainard,⁸ Benedetta Massetto,⁸ Ming Lin,⁸ Bin Han,⁸ John G. McHutchison,⁸ G. Mani Subramanian,⁸ Curtis Cooper,⁹ and Kosh Agarwal,¹⁰ the BOSON Study Group

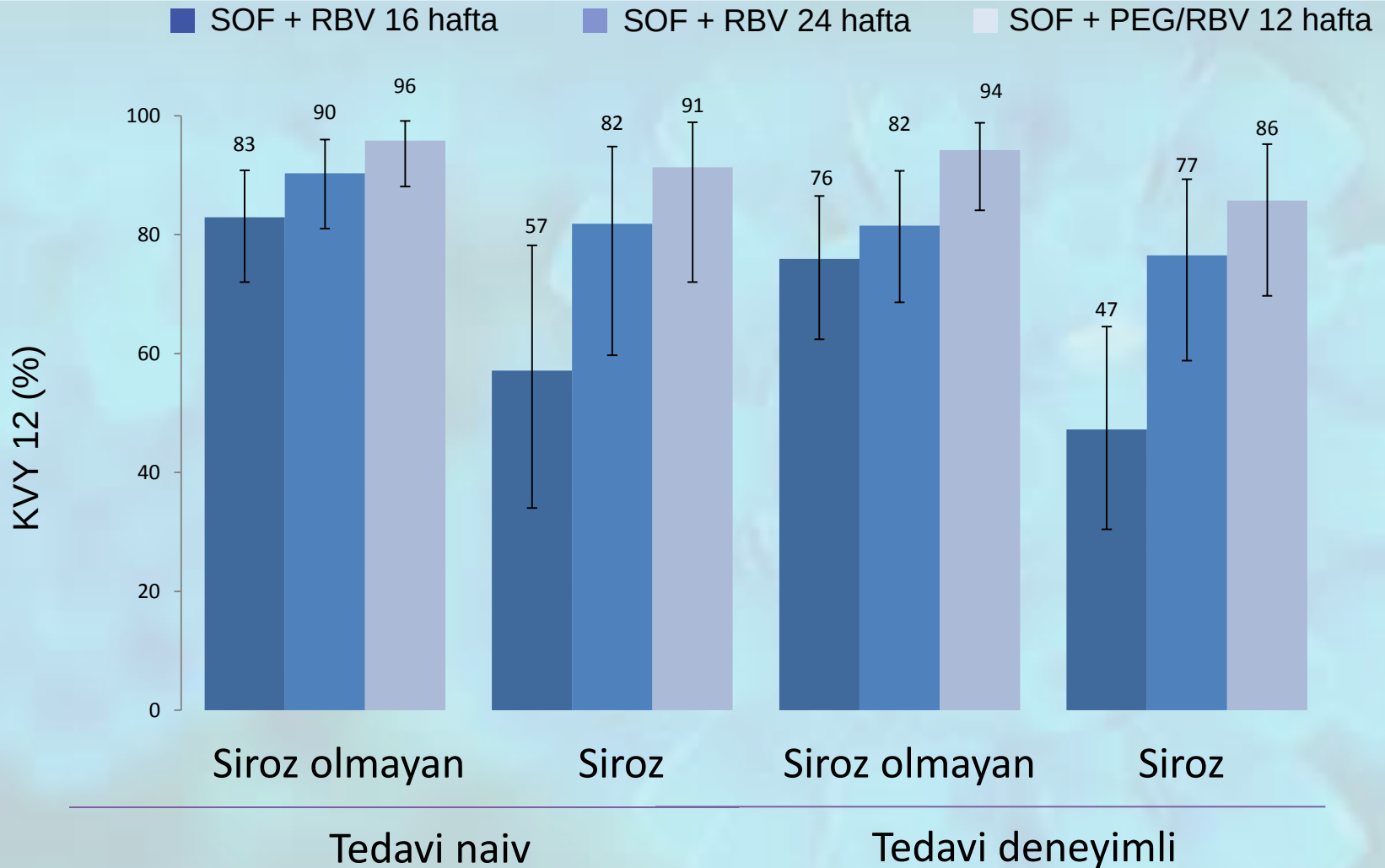




KVY12 GT 3



KVY 12 GT 3; problem devam ediyor!!!



Nedenler?

- **Kc yağlanması ve etkileyen diğer riskler (yüksek yağlı diyet, kronik alkol tüketimi, dislipidemi, obezite, kronik ilaç tüketimi, diyabet, insülin direnci), alkolik ve non-alkolik steatoz**
 - **HCV GT-3a; GT-1 ve 2'ye göre daha yüksek steatoz**
 - **HCV GT-3 spesifik sitopatik etki**

REVIEW ARTICLE

Treatment of hepatitis C virus genotype 3-infection

Stanislas Pol, Anaïs Vallet-Pichard and Marion Corouge

- İlk jenerasyon NS3 / NS4A proteaz inhibitörleri genotip 3'e etkinliği zayıf
- İkinci jenerasyon NS3 / NS4A proteaz inhibitörleri PEG-IFN ile birlikte kullanımı genotip 3'e sınırlı etkiye sahip
 - Pangenotipik aktiviteye sahip Simeprevirin genotip 3 karşı etkinliği düşük

PEG Interferon 180µg α2a or
1.5µg α2b /w + Ribavirin (800
mg/d) for 24w.

No SVR ~ 30%

SVR ~ 70%

2013

No therapeutic option

2014 ~ 80%

SOF/PR 12 w. (or 12+12?)
SOF/RBV 24 w.

2015 ~ 80%

DCV/PR 12 w.
SOF/RBV 24 w.

No SVR ~ 20%

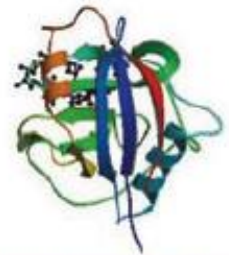
~ 95%

SOF/DCV or LDV 24w.
SOF/LDV 24 w.
QUAD ABT or ASV/DCV/I Pol 12 w.

VITAL-1

- Faz IIb; naiv genotip 2 ve 3-hasta siklofilin inhibitörü Alisporivir (600 -1000 mg / gün)
- Alisporivir $\pm$ RBV kolunda; %81-83
- Alisporivir+PEG-IFN; % 77
- RBV+PEG IFN; % 58

Host targets



Cyclophilin A

Host protein interacting with NS5A and the NS5B

Alisporivir

SCY-635

GT 2 ve 3 eredikasyonu

- **GT 2;**
 - SOF+ Velpatasvir kombinasyonu
 - SOF+DCV kombinasyonu
- **GT 3;**
 - Eşlik eden problemlerin tedavisi
 - SOF+DCV (12-16 hafta) SOF+ağırlığa göre hesaplanmış RBV + PEG-IFN (24 hafta)
 - Yeni tedaviler.....



Umarım uyandırabilmişimdir